How to get the best from an organisation?



Bill Griffiths -September 2020

Culture and leadership styles

- Every body on the same page
- Defining quality-do we know what success looks like?
- TQM- total quality management (continuous improvement involving all)
- Quality Assurance-data analysis, systematic checking Quality control- hierarchy, middle managers delegated to, self inspection and audit External inspection!

Decide on high quality definition

So once we decide on quality and the success we work towards we can think about the behaviours most likely to achieve them.

'Balkanisation' is described by John West-Burnham and Michael Fullan as stuck, stagnant organisations. Balkanised culture is inward looking, defensive and does not like change.

Teams do not work well and the bosses do not like challenge.

A culture to succeed

Statistical methods – 1950s and 60s Deming and Juran impact on industry

'In search of excellence' by Peters and Waterman – looked a systems of accreditation and standards

Success of industry in 70s and 80s based on customer satisfaction being everything.

Do messages from industry make sense in education and schools?

Collegiality and collaboration

- Once we know what is high quality education we need to know when we have achieved it or lost it! Teamwork is key
- Juran defines a systematic approach for an organisation :
- 1. Identify goals and policies for quality
- Design and implement plans to meet the goals
 Provide resources

4.Motivate

To achieve improved quality

Awareness of need and opportunity to improve Set goals Create effective teams Training Project approach to solve problems Identify successes and report Celebrate and recognise success Communicate results and effective solutions Keep records of changes Build a cycle of review

Successful leadership is not concerned just with a product – it is an ongoing process first

Leadership styles

A Balkan leader – sees few problems and no solutions- bury the head in the sand (Ostrich). They are stuck and do not want change

The Autocrat- my way or the highway- wants to change and rule everything. Does not listen.

The Social Democrat- listens to everybody, is liked but can be indecisive The Analyst- has very neat files! Knows data, handles systems and is precise. Does not always communicate or motivate.

The Director- very experienced, knows a lot, micro manages, listens and learns but is controlling. The Team captain – inspires other with his skill, effort and determination but pushes everyone really hard. Can burn out and not be tactical in the long run

The ideal style?

- Is there one?
- Maybe Facilitator /Director?
- The context of the organisation is very important but sustainable leadership for improvement must develop teamwork.
- Must be supportive of all colleagues
- Must be goal driven and recognise need to changethemselves and the organisation

Brief task

Attributes- write down 5 words that describe the best education leader you know. Personal traits for example honesty Pass your paper to someone else

The tough message

- We are paid for by taxes, we serve the public and society therefore we have to be judged
- Value for money?
- Effectiveness?
- How high is quality of education?
- Are academic outcomes and well being excellent?

Accountability

Who holds us to account? How do they measure the organisation? Is the leader assessed?

We need to accept accountability but we also need to be well, feel positive and encouraged to succeed even more.

Surviving well

Data alone can be dangerous Ranking or league tables are damaging Categorising success or failure is unfair BUT Success needs recognition and good approaches need

sharing

Targets and monitoring

You know your school or centre

So does the Mayor, the teachers, the parents and the kids

Do the opinions match? If not how do they differ? Do you ask all the stakeholders about the quality of provision?

Targets of customer

satisfaction

Last year 80 % of parents like the school and would recommend- 20 % say behaviour is not very good. Target for 2021? Action?

Focus groups and surveys- clear about holistic strengths and weaknesses not just reading and mathematics.

Twins or triads

Two or three schools that share their findings, their actions and their targets. No shame no blame. This is not Balkanisation!

Heads walk around each other's schools

The deputy also joins in

All colleagues discuss lessons from process and input for improvement

What other targets should a high quality organisation have?

Attendance Behaviour Academic Happiness and well being Teacher satisfaction Special needs and challenging families support

How do you feel about sharing

about your school?

What score would your school get?

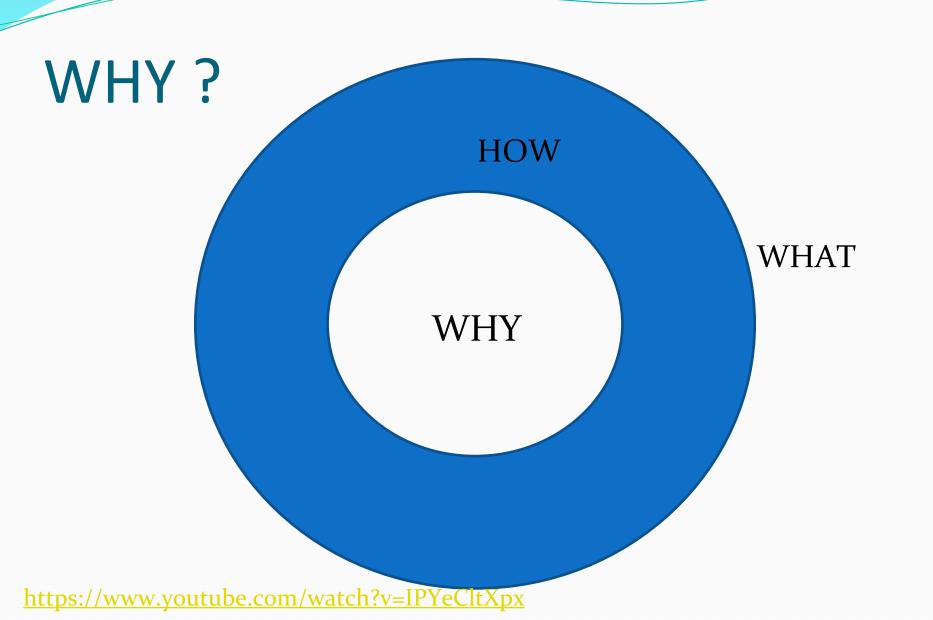
- Share it with newspapers, the government, the Mayor, parents, inspectors?!
- Be warned if your school drops!
- Who should you share the data with ?
- If your score is 99 your place is doing amazing so maybe you should let all the other area schools know so they can use some of your ideas?

Happy and motivated staff

- Do not say well done
- Say well done for It made a great improvement because you.....
- Be specific with positive feedback
- Say it in public and private
- Celebrate small and big successes in staff meetings Buy cakes

Involve them all in problem solving using management techniques
Have a Kaizen box- small things matter
Review and appraise staff holistically
Provide personal training that listens to the teacher as well as whole school needs.
Listen to them

Be brave and principled as a leader



UK lessons to think about

- In UK morale has been damaged by inspection and schools feel threatened.
- Performance linked to pay undermines teamwork and long term improvement
- Targets mainly on test results for Maths and English have narrowed curriculum
- More challenging situations for schools not understood by the bosses of headteachers

Monitoring targets

Targets should be yearly and 3 year trend Should be holistic and monitor across all Should aggregate using algorithm for example Maths + Finnish + all other subject 7 out of ten + 6 + 5+= 18 academic score Parent satisfaction= 12 out of 20 Pupil well being inc attendance=25 out of 30 Staff satisfaction= 15 out of 20

Score each year

So this school scored 70 out of a 100. Good but why was parent satisfaction lower? Why might it be? This is very simplistic but an annual review and ongoing review across the school will help ensure high quality.

Your thoughts? Discuss. 2 minutes

Why change at all?

New normal? Has there ever been a normal? Status Quo not an option Change happens regardless of us so we must shape it We can embrace change and see opportunities We can influence and innovate Managing well and celebrating change keeps morale high

Good leaders change themselves, their own organisation and can influence the world

Sample output of a "Week In the Life Of" (WILO)

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Key observations ٠ Other 3 hours ٠ Meetings 8 hours ٠ ٠ Cover 6 hours Teaching Opportunities 20 hours Pastoral ٠ 3 hours ٠ Marking 8 hours Issues ٠ ٠ Admin Prep/planning 15 hours ٠ 10 hours

DILO – sample of workload analysis template

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			Activity analysis									
	Time	Time spent (mins)	Description of activity	Good use of your time (1-5) 1 = low	Teaching	Admin	Plan/ prep	Marking	Pastoral	Cover	Meetings	Other
Before school												
During school												
After school												
Weekend												

Prioritisation matrix – school example

High 6 4 Therefore higher priority options are: 10 1 4 3 6. Abandoning the lunch break Impact Shortening the 5 4. 2 lunch break 10. Providing lunch clubs 3 9 1 8 Low 1 2 3 4 High Low

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School example

Issue

Behaviour during lunch break - secondary school

Options

- 1. Recruit and train additional staff to supervise
- 2. Segregate classes
- 3. Segregate year groups
- 4. Shorten lunch hour
- 5. Stagger lunch hour
- 6. Abandon lunch hour have mini breaks
- 7. Allow pupils out of school
- 8. Lunch passes allow pupils home
- 9. Shut school at lunch hour keep pupils out
- 10. Provide lunch time clubs

School example

	Do-ability score	Impact score
	1 - 4	1 - 4
1. Recruit and train additional staff	1	3
2. Segregate classes	3	1
3. Segregate year groups	3	1
4. Shorten lunch break	3	3
5. Stagger lunch break	2	2
6. Abandon lunch break	3	4
7. Allow pupils out of school	4	1
8. Allow pupils home with permission from parents	3	1
9. Close school at lunch	3	1
10. Provide lunch time clubs	2	3

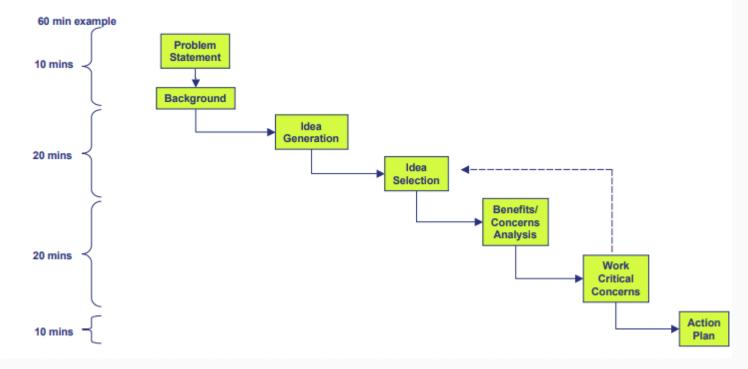
PSTB – Problem Solving/Team Building

Are there any rules?

- Not rules per se just good team behaviour that needs to be emphasised
- Headlining ie keep the discussion at the right level
- No idea is a bad idea
- Be open-minded
- Listen as well as contribute
- One at a time
- Participate actively
- Don't kill the process
- Agree the time contract (eg 30, 45 or 60 mins)
- Remember who owns the problem
- Clear roles and responsibilities (see later)

How is the tool used?

The process has 7 steps for the team to work through

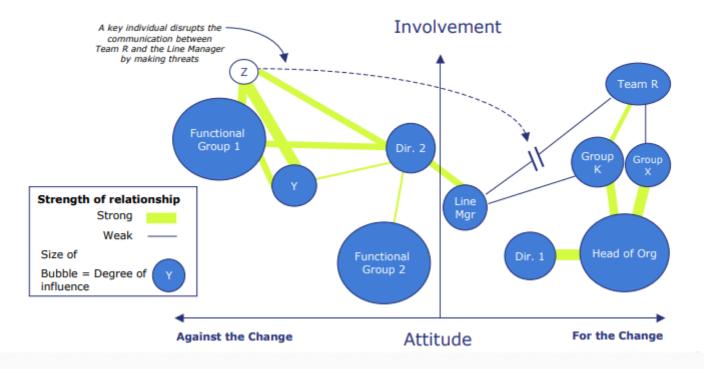


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An example stakeholder map showing support for a planned organisational change

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Attitudes, influence, and levels of involvement in the project can be mapped



What are the outputs?

• A map of the school's SWOTs usually in the form of a grid:

Strengths	Weaknesses			
Opportunities	Threats			